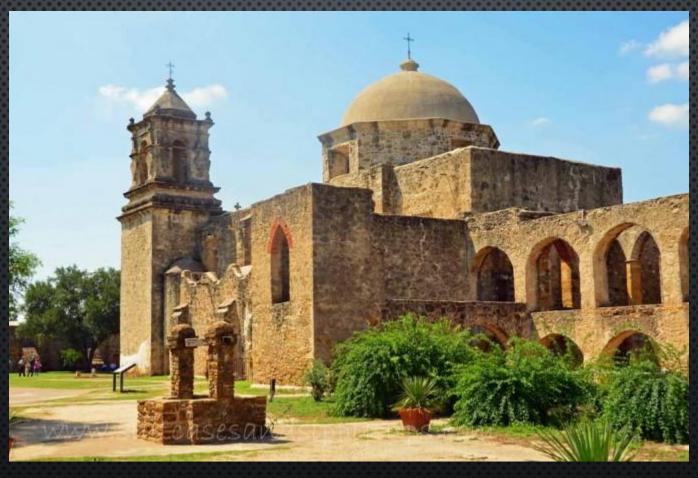
SPANISH RULE IN TEXAS (6)

PORTFOLIO | NOTEBOOK | PAGE 9

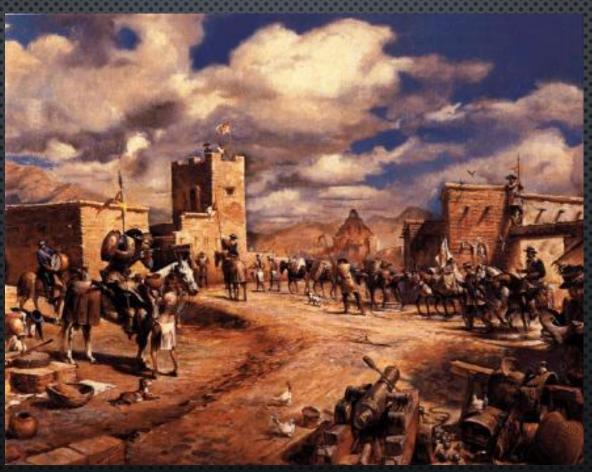
The Spanish hoped to convert Native Americans by setting up



Mission San Jose San Antonio, Texas

MISSIONS

To protect the missions, the Spanish built forts, called



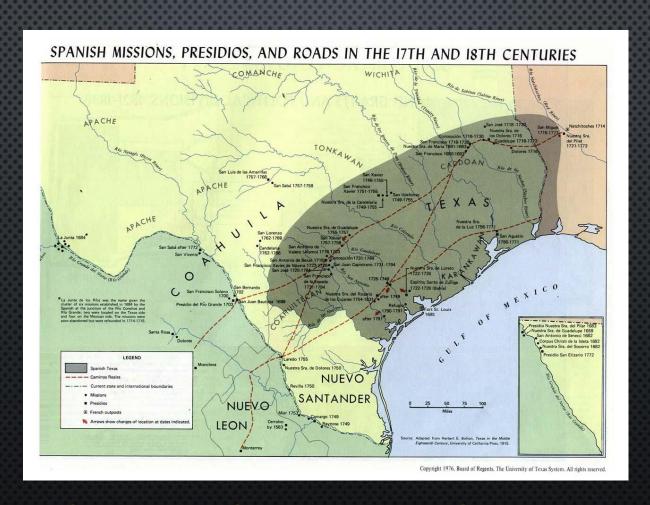
Painting of the **Tubac Presidio, Arizona**

PRESIDIOS

Which of the following was <u>NOT</u> a **goal** of the mission-presidio system?

to convert Native Americans to Christianity
to defend against Native American attacks
to lead Native Americans to adopt the Spanish way of life
to strengthen Spain's hold on Texas (against France)

Why did Spain start to build missions in East Texas?



To try to keep the French out of Texas

What happened to the first East Texas mission at **San Francisco de los Tejas**?

State Historical Marker for **Mission San Francisco de los Tejas**

It was abandoned because of conflict with Indians



Which mission town became the capital of East Texas?



Detailed area | 1718 Map by Guillaume Delisle

Los Adaes

Why was Louis Juchereau de St. Denis important?



Monument to St. Denis in Natchitoches, Louisiana.

He started several missions

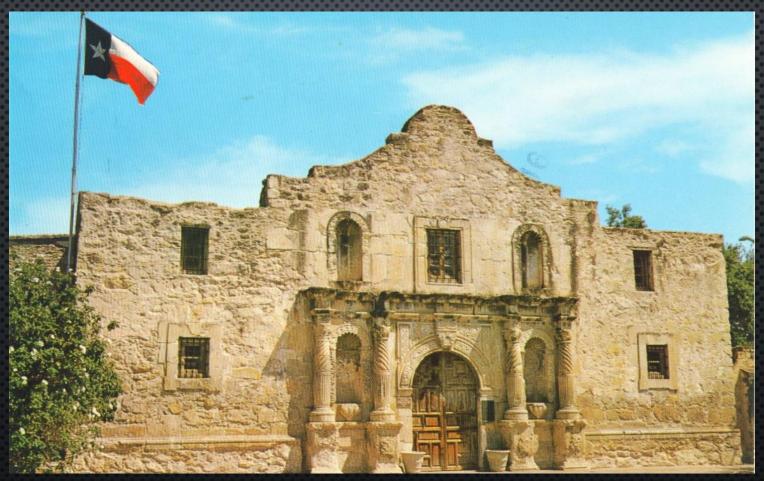
Why was San Antonio de Valero located where it was?



Map | Texas in 1718 by Guillaume de L'Isle

Because it was halfway between the Rio Grande and East Texas

When was **San Antonio de Valero** established?



Mission San Antonio de Valero (The Alamo) San Antonio, Texas

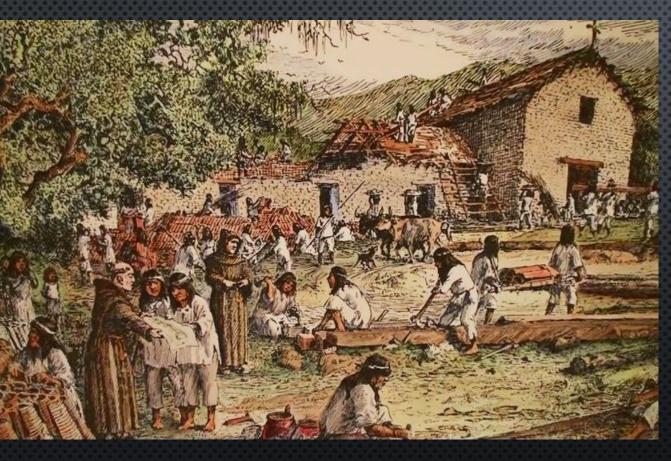
Why did the Lipan Apaches want **Santa Cruz de San Sabá** built on Comanche land?



Presidio de San Saba ruins in Menard, Texas

They wanted to start a war between the Spanish and the Comanches

What kind of work did Native Americans perform at the missions?



- Ranching and farming
- Craft work like sewing and blacksmithing
- Making products like soap and bricks

What was a persistent problem in the **presidios**?



Soldiers had little pay and were often in debt

What did Spanish friars use the catechism for?



to convert Native Americans

Which of the following was **NOT** a reason that **Native Americans** came to missions?

to join the army
to have a steady supply of food
to protect themselves from enemies
because the Spanish offered them gifts to do so

To **cede** means to



formally give up ownership of something

Why did France **cede** Louisiana to Spain?



To keep it from falling into British hands

What contribution did missions make to the future Texas economy?



They started the cattle industry

What is a **filibuster**?



NOT a new sandwich at the DQ... that's the BeltBuster & HungerBuster!!

What is a **filibuster**?



A person who launches an unofficial war on a country for his own benefit

A person who steals from ships at sea is a



pirate

How did the United States and New Spain (Spanish Texas) become **neighbors in 1803**?



Louisiana Purchase

What did the Neutral Ground Agreement try to do?



Achieve peace on the border of the United States and Spanish Texas

Several filibusters threatened **Texas** by



trying to take control of all or part of it

Describe some of the notable filibusters during this period:

- Philip Nolan: horse trader who invaded Texas for U.S. James Wilkinson: double agent for Spain
- Augustus Magee: teamed with Gutierrez to invade Texas
- Samuel Kemper: took over when Magee died
- Bernardo Gutierrez: invaded Texas with Magee
- James Long: tried to free Texas from Spain

James Long's widow, Jane Long, became known as the ___ for her strength, courage, and pioneer spirit.



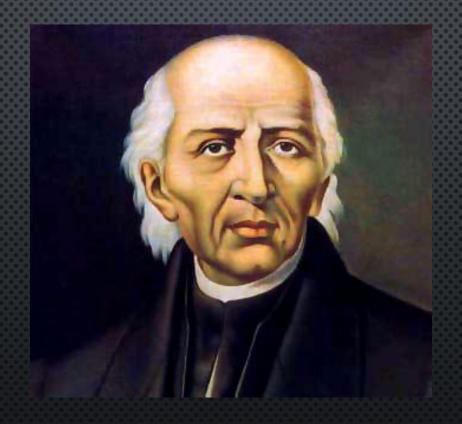
"Mother of Texas"

What group in Mexico had the highest rank in society?



peninsulares

Who wanted to end the power of the peninsulares in his "Cry of Dolores" and treat all people equally?



Miguel Hidalgo

Who supported Miguel Hidalgo in his effort to end the power of the peninsulares?



New Spain's lower classes

How did Spain's class system contribute to the poverty in New Spain?



Upper class peninsulares and criollos got the best jobs

A government in which citizens elect people who make laws is a



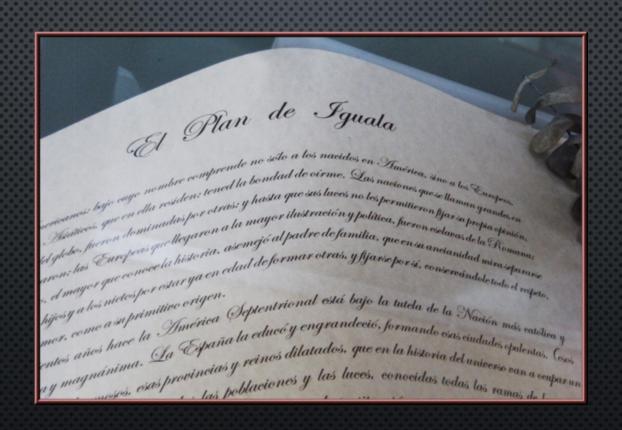
republic

Why did conservatives (like its leader, Augustín Iturbide) dislike the revolt of Hidalgo?



They feared the lower classes would take their power

Which plan of independence was favored by Iturbide and the conservatives?



The Plan of Iguala

What did the Treaty of Córdoba do?



It officially made Mexico an independent nation

When did Mexico win its independence from Spain?



End of Slide Show



THANK YOU!!